Óglaigh Náisiúnta na hÉireann

(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital)

Directors' report and financial statements

for the year ended 31st December 2019

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Directors and other information

Directors	Colm Campbell
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Patrick Rooney
Patrick Durnin
Jim McEneaney
Tommy Gallagher
Patrick Flavin
Eddie McCarthy
Ollie Babour
Gerard O'Doherty
Eamonn Walsh
Stephen Coy

Derek Ryan Tom James Paul Morgan Donal Floyd

Patrick Whelan Deirdre Teresa Carbery Resigned 18.07.2019 Resigned 28.09.2019 Resigned 28.09.2019 Appointed 28.09.2019 Appointed 28.09.2019

Appointed 23.01.2020

Deirdre Teresa Carber

Company Secretary Albert Farrell

Company number 328824

Registered office Brú na Bhfiann

Smithfield Market North King Street

Dublin 7

Auditors Gannon Kirwan Somerville

Statutory Auditors

Unit 5

The Courtyard Business Centre

Orchard Lane Blackrock Co Dublin

Bank of Ireland

Smithfield Dublin 7

Solicitors O' Regan Little

7 Winetavern Street The Liberties Dublin 8

Member details Ollie O'Connor (Chief Executive Officer)

Albert Farrell (Company Secretary) Colm Campbell (Chairperson)

Charity number CHY. 13868

CRN. 20044268

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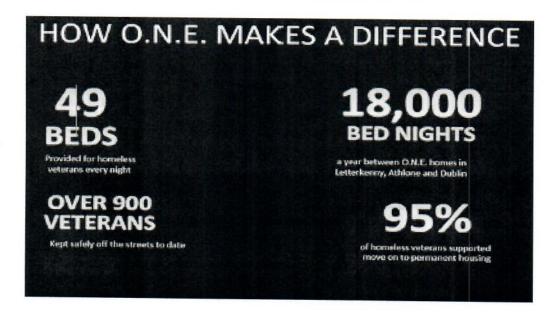
Statement by Chairperson & CEO

Introduction

Óglaigh Náisiúnta na hÉireann (Organisation of National Ex-Service Personnel - ONE) is a registered charity for veterans of the Irish Defence Forces. ONE was established on 10 March 1951 and the primary objective of the Organisation is to "Support the needs of Irish veterans by the provision of accommodation to homeless and other veterans in need of such domestic accommodation in its Veterans' Homes and the provision of other advice and support to veterans through its nationwide network of Branches and Veterans Support Centres". Comradeship, Advocacy, and Remembrance are ancillary objectives. Our services are primarily available to all veterans of the Defence Forces however we facilitate veterans from other countries from time to time as required. ONE provides accommodation (board and lodging) for approximately 49 veterans, who otherwise would be homeless, in its three residential homes in Dublin, Letterkenny and Athlone. ONE is also developing further hostels and a nationwide network of Veteran's Support Centres.

Hostels for Veterans

The provision of accommodation and sustenance are achieved through our homes in Dublin, Letterkenny and Athlone. The Dublin hostel (Brú na bhFiann) is located in Smithfield and will have facilities to house 35 veterans in a homely setting in 2020. The hostels in Letterkenny (Beechwood House) and Athlone (Custume House) can each facilitate 7 veterans at any given time. ONE is represented on the Dublin Homeless Network. Our residents are both short stay and long term and contribute on a means basis towards their keep which includes all of the facilities that one would expect in a normal home. Most of our residents have had extensive service in the Defence Forces; serving with distinction both at home and in various overseas missions with the United Nations. However, for one reason or another they now find themselves homeless and in need. ONE plans to develop further hostels in Cobh and Cork City.



Veterans' Support Centres

ONE is developing a nationwide network of Veteran Support Centres (VSCs) to provide veterans with information, advice, someone to listen and somewhere to meet with former comrades. It is hoped that by providing early intervention, we can alleviate social stresses and significantly reduce homelessness among veterans. ONE has opened VSCs in: Aiken Barracks Dundalk; Athy; Casement Aerodrome Dublin; Cavan; Custume Barracks Athlone; Curragh; Dun Uí Mhaoliosa Galway; Lord Edward Street Limerick; Stephens Bks Kilkenny; and a temporary facility in Collins Barracks Cork. The refurbishment of buildings in Collins Barracks Cork; Cathal Brugha Barracks and McKee Barracks, Dublin; and Wexford Barracks will lead to the opening of VSCs in those locations in 2020. A decision on the location of a VSC in the Donegal / Sligo area will be made and a VSC will also open in Cobh in 2021 in tandem with a Hostel.

Funding

It costs approximately $\in 900,000$ per annum for current services. Future costs are estimated at $\in 1,200,000$ per annum including the aforementioned hostels and support centres. We expect to receive nearly $\in 500,000$ in 2020 from State / Local Authority funding. Therefore approximately $\in 400,000$ must be raised to meet current services rising to $\in 700,000$ to meet future requirements. Funding streams are volatile in nature and while we can plan expenditure in detail, planning income is a far greater challenge. ONE will therefore continue to develop more predicable funding streams.

Future Planning

ONE would love to forecast an end to the plight of homeless veterans but we believe the situation will continue to dis-improve. That is why we are constantly developing our services. From January 2020, ONE will

- o Increase the number of rooms for homeless veterans from thirty to thirty-five in Brú na bhFiann. The number of rooms provided is subject to the terms of a Service Level Agreement between ONE and Dublin Regional Homeless Executive and is not an arbitrary figure.
- o Develop an Ante Room (Day Room) in Brú na bhFiann for residents.
- o Employ a Veterans Support Officer to develop a counselling service in Brú na bhFiann for veterans in partnership with the HSE.
- o Continue to improve the seven-bedroom facilities in Beechwood House Letterkenny and Custume House Athlone, including replacing the roof in Custume House.
- o Progress the development of a further hostel in Cobh with five bedrooms for homeless veterans co-located with a Veterans Support Centre. A long-term lease has been taken out for the building with the Office of Public Works (OPW). It is planned to commence building work in Q4 2020. The development of a similar facility in Cork City (six bedrooms) is being considered, leading to the availability of sixty single bedrooms for homeless veterans countrywide.
- o Further the development of fifteen Veteran Support Centres, eleven of which are located within a Defence Forces' installation, with four located outside Athy, Cavan, Cobh and Limerick.
- o Complete a training/education course for Branch Welfare Officers in February 2020. ONE conducted four Mental Health First Aid (MHFA) Courses in 2019, two courses in Dublin, one in Galway and another in Cobh. These courses are funded by the Leopardstown Park Hospital Trust and are open to veterans from all organisations. Sixty-three veterans trained as MHFA in 2019 and are operating throughout the country. Further training/education courses will take place when conditions allow.
- o Continue to cooperate with Section 38 Hospitals to create a pathway for veterans who need long-term care. The first Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) was signed with the Royal Hospital Donnybrook in 2019. Having met the Leopardstown Park Hospital Board together with IUNVA and ARCO, an MOU is being developed between the Hospital and ONE. Discussions have also commenced with Clontarf Hospital.
- o Initiate a strategy to ensure that ONE is a diverse and inclusive Veteran's Organisation that draws from the breadth of those who served in the Defence Forces; gains strength from that range of knowledge, experience and talent; and welcomes, respects and values the unique contribution of every individual.
- o Develop a new website that will enhance the presence of ONE online and will provide a resource hub that will provide an information and contact portal for Irish Veterans.
- o Finance is required to support many of the foregoing initiatives. New fundraising initiatives will be launched during 2020 and your enduring support is deeply appreciated.

Conclusion

ONE, whose primary pillar is the provision of support for veterans in Ireland, also fosters comradeship, advocates on behalf of veterans, and remembers those who served. We will be successful when we can grow the level of support to veterans through our Hostels, Branches and Veterans' Support Centres, while ensuring we comply with all governance provisions.

Colm Campbell Chairperson

Date: 27th August 2020

Ollie O'Connor Chief Executive Officer

Date: 27th August 2020

Directors' report for the year ended 31st December 2019

The Directors present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of Óglaigh Náisiúnta na hÉireann (the company) for the year ended 31st December 2019. The Directors confirm that the Annual Report and financial statements of the company comply with the current statutory requirements, the requirements of the company's governing document and that they will continue to move the financial statements towards full implementation of the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP), applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and Irish law.

Objectives and Activities

a. Policies and objectives

1. The main object for which the Company is established is to:

Support the needs of Irish veterans by the provision of accommodation to homeless and other veterans in need of such domestic accommodation in its Veterans' Homes and the provision of other advice and support to veterans through its nationwide network of Branches and Veterans Support Centres

- 2. The following objects set out hereafter are exclusively subsidiary and ancillary to the main object set out above and these objects are to be used only for the attainment of that main object and any income generated therefrom is to be applied for the main object only.
- (i) Comradeship
- (a) To develop a spirit of comradeship among veterans, and between veterans and serving members of Óglaigh Na hÉireann.
- (b) To foster public interest in Óglaigh Na hÉireann
- (c) To promote social and cultural activities.
- (ii) Advocacy
- (a) To advocate with the Department of Defence, Defence Forces, and other elements of national and local government on behalf of veterans.
- (b) To maintain liaison with veterans' organisations of other states.
- (iii) Remembrance
- (a) To remember those who served.
- (b) To participate in national and local remembrance ceremonies
- (c) To do all such other things as will assist in achieving the above objects and aims.

b. Strategies for achieving objectives

To the extent that the same are essential or ancillary to the promotion or attainment of the main objects of the Company as heretofor set out, the Company may exercise all or any of the following powers:

- To raise funds generally and manage same for the benefit of the attainment of the main objects.
- To liaise, as required, with authorities or organisations or bodies corporate, whether locally, nationally or internationally with a view to the attainment and furtherance of the Company's main objects.

c. Activities for achieving objectives

The charity provides accommodation to homeless ex-service personnel at its three locations in Dublin, Letterkenny and Athlone. The Charity also provides advice and assistance to veterans through its nationwide network of Branches and Veterans' Support Centres.

Directors' report for the year ended 31st December 2019

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Financial Review

a. Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the Accounting Policies.

During the first quarter of 2020, The Covid-19 pandemic has spread initially from Asia to Europe and subsequently worldwide. The initial economic effect of this has been a worldwide slowdown in economic activity and the loss of jobs across many businesses. In Ireland there are restrictions placed on "non-essential" businesses which has resulted in many businesses temporarily closing in measures designed to restrict the movement of people and to slow down the spread of the virus. Óglaigh Náisiúnta nahÉireann has continued to operate during this period but has seen an effect on its fundraising activities as a result of the virus.

b. Principal risks and uncertanties

In the first half of 2020, the outbreak of Covid-19 spread throughout Asia, Europe and Worldwide. The initial impact of this has been severe and has resulted in a significant worldwide slowdown in economic activity. In Ireland, the economic impact of this pandemic has been characterised by the temporary closure of many businesses in "non-essential" areas to ensure that people's movements are restricted in order to slow down the spread of the virus. The effect of Covid-19 presents many risks for the company, the effects of which cannot be fully quantified at the time of approving the financial statements. As a result, the directors consider the implications of the Covid-19 pandemic to be a mildly significant uncertainty at the time of approving the financial statements. Although the effects cannot be fully determined, the directors believe that the main risks associated with Covid-19 are as follows;

- a slow down in fundraising activity during the period of temporary closure
- a prolonged period of government recommendations and restrictions on the movement of people to contain the virus
- a potential reduction in fundraising activity following the reopening of the economy
- a reduction in asset values

The directors have identified and assessed other principal risks:

- Over reliance on non recurring funding.
- Compliance with company, health and safety, employment law and other legislation within the Republic of Ireland.
- -The economy in which raising funds can be challenging

The company mitigates against these risks as follows:

- The company continually monitors the level of funding and seeks out donations on a regular basis.
- The company closely monitors emerging changes to regulations or legislation on an ongoing basis.

c. Surplus

The company's reserves increased by &81,159 during the year (2018 - &14,611). The directors note the surplus during the year and they are committed to continue to increase the level of fundraising and to cost reduction where appropriate in the following year.

Directors' report for the year ended 31st December 2019

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d. Principal funding

The Charity's principal sources of funding are derived from;

- Grants provided by Dublin Region Homeless Executive
- Grant in Aid provided by the Department of Defence
- The provision of accomodation
- Member's subscriptions
- National collections including donations and raffles

Structure, governance and management

a. Constitution

The company is limited by guarantee and is registered as a charitable company with both the Charities Regulatory Authority and Revenue (charity number - CHY 13868), (CRN no 20044268). The company was set up by a Memorandum of Association which was replaced by a Constitution on 26th September 2015, amended 30th January 2020.

The principal objective for which the company was established is to support the needs of Irish veterans by the provision of accommodation to homeless and other veterans in need of such domestic accommodation in its Veterans' Homes and the provision of other advice and support to veterans through its nationwide network of Branches and Veterans Support Centres

b. Method of appointment or election of directors

The management of the company is the responsibility of the Directors who are elected or co-opted under the terms of the Constitution. At every annual general meeting up to and including annual general meeting in 2004, all the Directors shall retire from office, at the annual general meeting which is held in every subsequent year. Any Director who has held office for more than two and a half years, (not counting service prior to 1st June 2004) in the period of three years ending, on the date of the annual general meeting, shall retire from office.

A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election, provided that he has not already held office as a Director for more than five and a half years, in the period of six years ending on the date of the annual general meeting. The Company may from time to time by ordinary resolution increase or decrease in the number of Directors.

The Directors shall have the power at any time and from time to time to appoint a person, including a person who has already completed six years as a director, to be a Director, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Directors. However the total number of Directors shall not exceed the number fixed in accordance with the Articles and the number of appointed Directors shall not exceed the number of elected Directors at the time of any such appointment. The Directors appointed shall not be required to retire at the AGM following their appointment but may be removed by a resolution of the Board at any time.

c. Risk management

The Directors have assessed the major risks to which the company is exposed, in particular those related to the operations and finances of the company and are satisfied that the systems and procedures which are in place are sufficient to mitigate the Company's exposure to these major risks.

The directors are aware of the effects Covid 19 is having on fundraising income. They have secured stability funding from Pobal during the Covid 19 crisis.

Directors' report for the year ended 31st December 2019

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Dividends

The company's Constitution precludes it from paying dividends or distributing surpluses among its members and accordingly all surpluses are retained for the future activities of the company.

Subsequent events

In the first half of 2020, the Covid-19 virus spread worldwide. In common with many other countries, the Irish government issued guidance and restrictions on the movement of people designed to slow the spread of this virus. In early March 2020, many businesses closed voluntarily and throughout the month more restrictions were placed on people and businesses. On 28th March, all "non-essential" businesses were ordered to close temporarily. The company reacted to these conditions by having all administration staff where possible work from home and taking as many precautions as possible to ensure the safety of its residents. Branch meetings were and remain suspended and Veteran Support Centres remain closed. Whilst this has resulted in the company remaining operational during the period, there has been a mild reduction in levels of fundraising as a result of Covid-19. The company has secured stability funding from Pobal during the crisis. The directors are confident that the company will be fully operational once the period of restriction is lifted.

Directors of the company

The names of the persons who were Directors at any time during the year ended 31 December 2019 are set out below. Unless indicated otherwise, they served as Directors for the entire year.

Colm Campbell

Patick Rooney

Patrick Durnin

Jim McEneaney

Tommy Gallagher

Patrick Flavin

Eddie McCarthy

Ollie Barbour

Eamonn Walsh

Gerard O'Doherty

Stephen Coy

Derek Ryan
Tom James
Paul Morgan
Donal Floyd
Patrick Whelan
Deirdre Teresa Carbery

Resigned 18.07.2019

Resigned 28.09.2019

Resigned 28.09.2019

Appointed 28.09.2019

Appointed 28.09.2019 Appointed 23.01.2020

Best practice governance

Óglaigh Náisiúnta Na hÉireann operates to high level of standards of governance with a focus on continuous development and improvement. Formal training for Board Members is provided upon members joining the Board and annually throughout their service on the Board. The Board continues to update their Governance Code applicable for Community Voluntary and Charitable Organisations in Ireland.

Directors' report for the year ended 31st December 2019

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Auditors

The Auditors, Gannon Kirwan Somerville, (Statutory Audit Firm) have indicated their willingness to continue in office in accordance with the provisions of section 383(2) of the companies Act 2014.

Accounting Records

To ensure that adequate accounting records are kept in accordance with sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014, the directors have employed appropriately qualified accounting personnel and have maintained appropriate computerised accounting systems. The accounting records are located at the company's office at Brú na Bhfiann Smithfield Market North King Street Dublin 7.

Óglaigh Náisiúnta Na hÉireann confirms that we will comply with the requirements set out in the Charter of Commitments, of the Approved Housing Bodies Voluntary Regulation Code appropriate to our organisation type. We are committed to reviewing our organisational practice against the code on an annual basis.

Signed on behalf of the board

Patrick Rooney Director

Colm Campbell Director

Date: 27th August 2020

Statement of directors responsibilities for the members' financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and generally accepted accounting practice in Ireland including the accounting standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council and published by the Chartered Accountants Ireland.

Irish Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the surplus or deficit of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper books of account which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in Ireland and with Irish statute comprising the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence, for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to Auditors

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- that the director has taken all reasonable steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Patrick Rooney Director Colm Campbell Director

Date: 27th August 2020

Independent auditor's report to the members of Óglaigh Náisiúnta na hÉireann (A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital)

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Óglaigh Náisiúnta na hÉireann for the year ended 31st December 2019 which comprise of the Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet, Cash Flow Statement and the notes to the financial statements. The relevant financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and accounting standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, and financial position of the company as at 31st December 2019 and of its surplus for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (Ireland) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the infomation included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Óglaigh Náisiúnta na hÉireann (A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital)

 continued

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- in our opinion, the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements and
- in our opinion, the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit. In our opinion the accounting records of the Company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited, and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by sections 305 to 312 of the Act are not made. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Respective responsibilities

Respective responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement in the Directors Report, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the IAASA's website at: https://www.iaasa.ie/Publications/ISA-700-(Ireland). This description foms part of our Auditors' Report.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Óglaigh Náisiúnta na hÉireann (A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital)

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The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Liam Somerville, FCCA,

For and on behalf of Gannon Kirwan Somerville Statutory Auditors Unit 5 The Courtyard Business Centre Orchard Lane Blackrock Co Dublin

Date: 27th August 2020

Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st December 2019

		2019	2018
	Notes	ϵ	€
Income	4	966,216	819,323
Expenditure		(885,057)	(804,768)
Surplus on ordinary activities before interest		81,159	14,555
Other interest receivable and similar income			56
Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation		24.470	
activities before taxation		81,159	14,611
Tax on Surplus on ordinary activities		<u>-</u>	
Surplus on ordinary activities after taxation		81,159	14,611

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the Surplus for the above two financial years.

Balance Sheet as at 31st December 2019

		2019		2018	
	Notes	€	€	€	€
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		1,329,996		1,370,624
Current assets					
Debtors	9	11,109		30,254	
Cash at bank and in hand	10	483,429		345,126	
		494,538		375,380	
Creditors: amounts falling				******	
due within one year	11	(34,413)		(37,042)	
Net current assets			460,125	-	338,338
Total assets less current					
liabilities			1,790,121		1,708,962
Provisions for liabilities					
and charges	12		(1,376,686)		(1,376,686)
Net assets			413,435		332,276
Reserves					
Revenue reserves account			413,435		332,276
					332,270
Members' funds			413,435		332,276

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 27th August 2020 and signed on its behalf by

Patrick Rooney Director

Colm Cambell Director

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31st December 2019

	2019	2018
Cash flows from operations activities	€	€
Surplus/(Deficit) for the financial year Adjustments for:	81,159	14,611
Depreciation of tangible assets Decrease in debtors (Decrease) in other creditors	67,440 19,145 (2,629)	63,101 (13,080) (4,855)
Net cash generated from operating activities	165,115	59,777
Cash flow from investing activities Purchase of tangible assets	(26,812)	(12,050)
Net cash from investing activities	(26,812)	(12,050)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	138,303	47,727
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	345,126	297,399
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	483,429	345,126
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year comprise: Cash at bank and in hand	483,429	345,126

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2019

1. General Information

Óglaigh Náisiúnta na hÉireann is a company limited by guarantee and not having a share capital, charity number (CHY 13868) & (CRN 20044268), incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. Its registered office is Brú na Bhfiann, Smithfield Market, North King Street, Dublin 7. The principal place of the business of the Company is the Republic of Ireland. The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors Report. CRO number is 328824.

2. Statement of accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

2.1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and accounting standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council including Financial Reporting Standard 102, 'the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland'.

The directors continue to work towards full implementation of the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP), applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with FRS102.

Oglaigh Naisiunta Na hEireann meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro which is the functional currency of the company.

The preparation of the financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

2.2. Fund Accounting

General funds are unrestricted funds which are available for use at the discretion of the Directors in furtherance of the general objectives of the company and which have not been designated for other purposes.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2019

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2.3. Income policy

Income is recognised as it is lodged to the accounts.

Donated services or facilities are recognised when the company has control over the item, any conditions associated with the donated item have been met, the receipt of economic benefit from the use of the company of the item is probable and that the economic benefit can be measured reliably.

2.4. Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity.

Costs of generating funds are costs incurred in attracting voluntary income and those incurred in trading activities that raise funds.

Fundraising costs are those incurred in seeking voluntary contributions and do not include the costs of disseminating information in support of the charitable activities.

2.5. Branch Transactions

The financial statements reflect only the transactions with third parties. Charges, payments and transfers within the Company are not treated as either income or expenditure of the Company.

2.6. Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. Cost includes all costs that are directly attributable to bringing the asset into working condition for its intended use.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are charged to the Profit and Loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value, of each asset systematically over its expected useful life, as follows:

Premises - 50 year useful life

Fixtures, fittings

and equipment - 20% Straight Line Motor vehicles - 20% Straight Line

Equipment and insignia held by branches (mainly for the purpose of parades) are charged to the Profit and Loss in the year of acquisition.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2019

..... continued

2.7. Debtors

There are no trade debtors recognised in the company for the financial year. Prepayments are recognised at the value prepaid and short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

2.8. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insigificant risk of change in value.

In the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management.

2.9. Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.10. Operating Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the Profit and Loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term. Lease incentives are recognised over the shorter of the lease term and the date of the next rent review.

2.11. Interest receivable

Interest on funds held on deposit is included when receivable and the amount can be measured reliably by the company; this is normally upon notification of the interest paid or payable by the Bank.

2.12. Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the Balance Sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the company anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

2.13. Taxation

The organisation is not for profit and accordingly avail of the Charities exemption from corporation tax. No charge to current or deferred taxation arises as exemption has been granted by the Revenue Commissioners due to the company's status as a Registered Charity.

2.14. Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme, the pension costs charged in the financial statements represent the contribution payable by the company during the year.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2019

..... continued

2.15. Comparatives

The comparative figures have been adjusted where necessary to account for rounding differences.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Judgements and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experiences and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Establishing useful economic lives for depreciation purpose of tangible fixed assets

Long-lived assets, consisting primarily of tangible fixed assets, comprise a signficant portion of the total assets. The annual depreciation charge depends primarily on the estimated useful economic lives of each type of asset and estimates of residual values. The directors regularly review these assets useful economic lives and change them as necessary to reflect current thinking on remaining lives in light of prospective economic utilisation and physical condition of the assets concerned. Changes in assets useful economic lives is included in the accounting policies.

Significant Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty Going Concern

The directors have assessed the impact of the recent Covid-19 virus outbreak on the business outlook and going concern assessment. They have considered the future funding requirements of the company and while impacted the magnitude of the impact is not at a level which has a significant impact on the company continuing as a going concern.

4. Income

The total income of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in Ireland.

An analysis of the company's income is as follows:	Restricted	Unrestricted	Restricted	Unrestricted
	2019	2019	2018	2018
	€	€	€	€
Members Subscriptions		23,186		32,251
Sale of Emblems & Clothing		9,717		13,540
Members Lottery & Raffles		36,479		36,515
National Collections		142,888		133,600
Contributions to Social & Cultural Activities	21,796		22,339	(100 m # 10 m m)
Donations - Defence Forces & Retired Personnel		56,188	*0.675003 * 050.65500 600	59,367
Donations - Other Donations & Bequests	71,494		40,797	
Department of Defence	100,000		100,000	
Sundry Income		25,463	9.00	21,858
Meals & Accomodation		228,637		176,204
Dublin Regional Homeless Executive	250,368		182,852	-,0,20
	443,658	522,558	345,988	473,335
				-

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2019

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5.	Empl	oyees
-	A.ZIARDA	io, ces

Number of employees	2019	2018
The average monthly numbers of employees	Number	Number
during the year were:	16	15

Salary Range

Employees who are all based in Ireland and earned remuneration in excess of €60,000 p.a. are as follows:

	2019	2018
	Number	Number
€60,000 to €70,000	1	1

Remuneration includes salaries and benefit-in-kind but excludes employers pension contributions.

The Chief Executive has an annual salary of €67,852 (2018 - €65,875)

6. Transactions with directors

The Company is precluded by its Constitution from remunerating its Directors. Apart from reimbursement for expenses and outlay to Directors there were no related party transactions with the directors during the period. During the year &1,456 (2018 - &1,969) was reimbursed to directors in respect of vouched expenses.

7. Pension costs

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2019

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8. Tangible assets

	Fixtures,				
2019			fittings and	Office	
	Premises	Dies	equipment	expenses	Total
	€	€	€	€	€
Cost					
At 1 January 2019	12,823,567	1,343	155,395	64,518	13,044,823
Additions	-	-	26,812		26,812
At 31 December 2019	12,823,567	1,343	182,207	64,518	13,071,635
Depreciation	A rtico de Recentado		-		
At 1 January 2019	11,505,838	1,343	111,868	55,150	11,674,199
Charge for the year	46,300	= =	18,377	2,763	67,440
At 31 December 2019	11,552,138	1,343	130,245	57,913	11,741,639
Net book values	() 			-	
At 31 December 2019	1,271,429	-	51,962	6,605	1,329,996
At 31 December 2018	1,317,729	-	43,527	9,368	1,370,624

In December 2011, the Company's premises were revalued at €1,852,000 by DTZ Sherry Fitzgerald. The difference between the carrying amount for those assets and the recoverable value is reflected in the financial statements as accelerated depreciation. Under FRS 102, the premises are now treated as property plant and equipment with an annual charge to depreciation over their remaining useful life.

The Organisation holds title to Premises as follows:

Brú na Bhfiann

999 year lease from 01/12/2004

Custume House Beechwood House Freehold Title Freehold Title

9.	Debtors	2019	2018
		€	€
	Prepayments and accrued income	11,109	30,254
10.	Cash and cash equivalents	2019	2018
		€	€
	Cash at bank and in hand	483,429	345,126
		483,429	345,126

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2019

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11. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	€	€
PAYE/PRSI	10,720	26,892
Accruals	23,693	10,150
	34,413	37,042
		-

12. Provisions for liabilities and charges

	Other provisions €	Total €
At 1 January 2019	1,376,686	1,376,686
At 31 December 2019	1,376,686	1,376,686

- (i) An amount of €610,753 received from Dublin Corporation under the terms of Section 15 of The Housing Act 1998 and Section 6 of The Housing (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1992 is repayable under certain circumstances. Dublin Corporation holds a legal charge over the property at Smithfield Market, North King Street, Dublin 7 in respect of above amount.
- (ii) An amount of €365,480 received from Dongal County Council is repayable in certain circumstances. Donegal County Council holds a legal charge over the property known as Beechwood House, Letterkenny, Co. Donegal.
- (iii) An amount of €400,453 received from Westmeath County Council is repayable in certain circumstances. Westmeath County Council holds a legal charge over the property known as Custume House, Athlone.

13. Post balance sheet events

In the first half of 2020, the Covid-19 virus spread worldwide. In common with many other countries, the Irish government issued guidance and restrictions on the movement of people designed to slow the spread of this virus. In early March 2020, many businesses closed voluntarily and throughout the month more restrictions were placed on people and businesses. On 28th March, all "non-essential" businesses were ordered to close temporarily. The company reacted to these conditions by having all administration staff where possible work from home and taking as many precautions as possible to ensure the safety of its residents. Branch meetings were and remain suspended and Veteran Support Centres remain closed. Whilst this has resulted in the company remaining operational during the period, there has been a mild reduction in levels of fundraising as a result of Covid-19. The company has secured stability funding from Pobal during the crisis.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2019

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14. Company limited by guarantee

The company is limited by guarantee not having a share capital. The liability of each member, in the event of the company being wound up is €1.

15. Financial Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

15.1 Capital Commitments

There were no capital commitments outstanding at the balance sheet date, (2018 - Nil).

15.2 Contingent Liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities outstanding at the balance sheet date, (2018 - Nil).

15.3 Leasing Commitments

During the year the company incurred operating lease costs in respect of property of Nil (2018 - Nil).

16. Ultimate controlling party

The company is controlled by its board of directors.

17. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these financial statements for issue on 27th August 2020.